

Campus alien species policy	
Objective of the policy	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To define invasive alien species and related concepts ● To describe invasion patterns and pathways ● To illustrate important differences between intentional and unintentional introductions 	
Introduction to the policy	
<p>Species coming from another place must survive during and after the journey. Many species fail to survive unless they are cared for. However, almost all invasive plants spread as seeds, which do not require special care while being transported.</p>	
Guidelines from Public Statutory and Non-Statutory Bodies/ Committees.	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To increase awareness of alien invasive species as a major issue affecting native biodiversity in developed and developing countries and in all regions of the world. ● To encourage prevention of alien invasive species introductions as a priority issue requiring national and international action. ● To minimise the number of unintentional introductions and to prevent unauthorised introductions of alien species. ● To ensure that intentional introductions, including those for biological control purposes, are properly evaluated in advance, with full regard to potential impacts on biodiversity. ● To encourage the development and implementation of eradication and control campaigns and programmes for alien invasive species, and to increase the effectiveness of those campaigns and programmes. ● To encourage the development of a comprehensive framework for national legislation and international cooperation to regulate the introduction of alien species as well as the eradication and control of alien invasive species. ● To encourage necessary research and the development and sharing of an adequate knowledge base to address the problem of alien invasive species worldwide 	
Importance and Implementation at KPRIET	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Consider managing hunting conflicts on public land by designating particular areas for hunting while carrying out more stringent control to protect biodiversity values elsewhere. This option is limited in its application to situations where there is high value attached to the alien species and yet biological diversity values can still be protected through localised action. ● Evaluate the option of removal of a representative number of the feral animals to captivity or domestication where eradication in the wild is planned. 	

- Strongly encourage owners and farmers to take due care to prevent the release or escape of domestic animals that are known to cause damage as feral animals, e.g. cats, goats.
- Develop legal penalties to deter such releases and escapes in circumstances where costly economic or damaging ecological consequences are likely to follow

Responsible Statutory and Non-Statutory Bodies/ Committees at KPRIET

Centre for research and development

Meeting Frequency

Once every three months

First Implemented on	First Revision on	Last Revision on
11.06.2018	19 July,2023	9 July,2025

Details of Policy Framing Committee

K.Karthikeyan / ASP / Mathematics
 K.Damodharan / AP(SL.G)/Mathematics
 S.Karthikeyan / AP/Mathematics
 N.Raja/AP/Mathematics